STUDY OF PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY STORAGES SYSTEM USING OF MAXIMUM POWER POINT TRACKING

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Abstract

The uniform solar irradiation in the photovoltaic cells, power-voltage characteristics must be unique and the maximum powers are generated from PV cells. The MPPT Device are an essential part for photovoltaic power generation system. Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT) are used to optimize photovoltaic cells power.

Keywords: Photovoltaic Cells; Energy Storage System; MPPT.


1. Introduction

A solar cell converts sunlight into electrical power. Single crystal, polycrystal and amorphous silicon cells have been employed. The open type circuit voltage is about 0.5 V for mono- and polycrystal solar cell and 0.8 V for amorphous cells. Each cell can carry a current between 2 and 3 A. Each parallel branch is provided with a shunt diode in the way to avoid circulating currents. When a panel consisting of cells in series is used to charge a battery, a shunt diode is connected so that current never flows from the battery to the solar cells. By operating at maximum power points, the output of solar panels can be maximized or for a given power output, the cost of solar cells can be minimized. Therefore, drive is designed so that the solar panel operates at or close to maximum power points.

Photo-Voltaic Systems have become commercially successful during 1980s. The Solar Photo-Voltaic cells (PV cells) convert the incident solar light energy directly to electrical energy in DC form. The principles of solar energy, solar spectrum, flat plate collectors, parabolic through collectors with line focus etc.
Many cells are connected in series/parallel to obtain desired voltage and power. Therefore problems of high temperature materials and excessive thermal loss are absent.

A Solar PV Array delivers certain DC current at certain DC voltage for certain intensity of incident solar energy. The current and voltage are influenced by the circuit connections and external resistance. Fixed type panels without focus are commonly used as they are simple, cheap and maintenance free.

2. Result and Discussion

Table 1: Voltage with respect to time using of Maximum Power Point tracking system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr.No.</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Voltage in D.C.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>10:00</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>11:00</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12:00</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>13:00</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>14:00</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>15:00</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>16:00</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>17:00</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 3: Voltage with respect to time using of Maximum Power Point tracking system

3. Conclusion

We are finding out the D.C. power by photovoltaic cells, the Maximum output voltages are 18 V. D.C. At the time 13:00, which are shown in Table.1, output voltages are used for other devices.

References


