

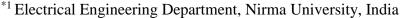
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CYBER CRIME







Abstract

Cybercrime is advancing at a shocking pace, following indistinguishable dynamic from the inescapable entrance of PC innovation and correspondence into all kinds of different backgrounds. While society is concocting and developing, in the meantime, lawbreakers are sending an amazing flexibility keeping in mind the end goal to get the best advantage from it. to abstain from giving cybercriminals the activity, it is vital for those associated with the battle against cybercrime to endeavor to foresee subjective and quantitative changes in its hidden components so they can modify their strategies fittingly.

Keywords: Cyber Attacks; Cyber Crimes; Potential Economic Impact; Consumer Trust; National Security.

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1. Introduction

Meaning of The Term "Cybercrime"

"Cybercrime" joins the expression "wrongdoing" with the root "digital" from "computerized", from the Greek, "kubernân", which intends to lead or administer. The "digital" condition incorporates all types of advanced exercises, paying little respect to whether they are led through systems and without fringes. This broadens the past term "PC wrongdoing" to envelop violations perpetrated utilizing the Web, every computerized wrongdoing, and violations including media communications systems. This later phrasing spreads a wide assortment of features, prompting distinctive methodologies, contingent upon the overwhelming society of the specialists, influencing it to show up either diminished or extended, in various measurements, managing rising issues that additionally mirror its decent variety. Wrongdoing is a social and monetary wonder and is as old as the human culture. Wrongdoing is a legitimate idea and has the authorize of the law. Wrongdoing or an offense is "a lawful wrong that can be trailed by criminal procedures which may result into discipline." The sign of culpability is that, it is rupture of the criminal law. Per Master Atkin "the criminal nature of a demonstration can't be found by reference to any standard yet one: is the demonstration disallowed with corrective outcomes". A wrongdoing might be said to be any lead joined by act or oversight restricted by law and noteworthy rupture of which is visited by corrective outcomes. The extending compass of PCs and the web has made it less demanding for individuals to stay in contact crosswise over long separations and work together team up for purposes identified with business, training and culture among others. It is the activity of the legitimate framework and administrative offices to keep pace with the equivalent and guarantee that more up to date innovations don't move toward becoming apparatuses of misuse and provocation. Sites are made and refreshed for some valuable purposes, yet they can likewise be utilized to circle hostile substance, for example, erotica, abhor discourse and defamatory materials. There has additionally been an upsurge in cases of budgetary extortion and bamboozling in connection to business exchanges led on the web. Errant people turn out to be more encouraged in their hostile conduct on the off chance that they imagine that they won't confront any results. As of late, there have been various reports of web clients accepting spontaneous messages which regularly contains disgusting dialect and sums to provocation. The individuals who post individual data about themselves on occupation and marriage to sites or long range informal communication sites are regularly at the less than desirable end of 'digital stalking'. Ladies and minors who post their contact subtle elements turn out to be particularly defenseless since lumpen components, for example, sex-guilty parties can utilize this data to target potential casualties.

2. Impact of Cyber Crime

This area shows the outcomes concerning the effect of mechanical change and leaps forward of strength "or rather, of the expansion "of cybercrime amid the 2010 to multi decade.

1) Perception of the Effect of Cybercrime: The effect of cybercrime is difficult to distinguish. However, there is an expansion in the improvement of data innovation and the misuse of vulnerabilities among cybercriminals, a hole among legitimate and degenerate nations, and a Catch 22 identified with mechanical advancements and achievements. It is constantly beneficial to recall that innovation itself is impartial. This is particularly valid in cryptography, utilized for anchoring exchanges and information trade and to anchor correspondences covering unlawful exercises and the foundation of proof. History demonstrates that new innovations, once in a while managed and not completely entire, are both utilized for good and terrible.

The following ten years will be set apart by portability, with the requirement for accessibility, ongoing correspondence, network, and a reliance on computerized character gear and hazard. This decade will likewise incorporate checking automata frameworks and progressively new dangers.

- 2) Negative development with regards to Cybercrime: Expected improvements, which may negatively affect cybercrime, render little qualification between work life and private life, utilizing for instance the trouble of finding data for an organization and Web applications with distributed computing, directed stealth malware, and all the more for the most part, the enormous utilization of new advances, including portable and remote innovations, and an indiscreet presentation to social designing, informal communities, and versatile downloads did less safely than previously. We should accentuate the unstable idea of discovering information as proof and the trouble of detailing offenses to the sources, with no legitimate means, in light of the fact that cybercriminals are adjusting close by new advancements.
- 3) Positive Improvements as to Cybercrime Safety efforts in light of these equivalent advances could have a positive effect. Security is key to the issue and should be founded

on approaches and be entirely authorized. It will be a noteworthy test with distributed computing, because of the intricacy of where information is put away and the various wards included, significant dangers related with administration and territoriality. The successful level of value security will be a key factor in the acknowledgment of these new administrations.

3. Cyber Crimes Against Individuals

Against People

Provocation by means of e - sends

- 1) Email mocking (Online a strategy for sending email utilizing a false name or email deliver to influence it to create the impression that the email originates from someone other than the genuine sender.)
- 2) Cyber pornography (exm. MMS)
- 3) Cyber stalking.
- 4) Scattering of vulgar material.
- 5) Defamation.
- 6) Unapproved control/access over computer system.
- 7) Indecent exposure
- 8) Email mocking
- 9) Cheating and fraud Break of Privacy

Computers as Target of Crimes

Because of the Home PC the utilization of PCs has developed broadly, such PCs can move toward becoming focus of wrongdoing either in the physical or in the virtual way, i.e. parts of the PC can be stolen precedent the hard circle consequently prompting physical break-ins. Unapproved access to the PC prompting classified information misfortune will add up to virtual focusing of the PC, this will add up to a wrongdoing of information burglary, which is named as hacking in the normal speech. Different types of violations in which the PC is the objective incorporate offenses, for example, †"Extortion in view of the data stolen as restorative data, individual information and so forth this classification can likewise incorporate offences like the robbery of Protected innovation, or essential information of partnerships like the promoting data and so forth. Promote these violations could likewise be submitted with a mean plan by causing obstructions in the business activity. Accessing the administration records and making false international IDs, driver's licenses, controlling the expense record, arrive record, getting to the insight documents and so on. The sort of casualty's focused on additionally helps in building up the typology of the Digital violations People: The vast majority of the digital wrongdoings fall under this compose, digital staking is a case of an individual being influenced through web, or an individual might be influenced despite the fact that he may have nothing to do with the internet yet at the same time be misled for example web based preparing exchange cheats submitted by programmers who gain passage into the PC frameworks of the banks.

National Security

Email as its is prominently alluded to began getting to be used for military applications. With the improvement of the Internet this innovation was drafted in the general population area. This is the beginning stage where the virtual medium began being used for criminal exercises, and with the

development of psychological warfare, the fear based oppressors likewise have received this innovation. The psychological oppressor's associations everywhere throughout the world have begun utilizing the web to spread their belief system, and furthermore to get capacity to their detestable exercises against any state or society on the loose. Encourage there are endeavors done by psychological militant associations to upset the correspondences centers of the states, so their exercises could be conveyed with more prominent impact causing bigger harm. With regards to national security, particularly viz. military applications data assumes a noteworthy job, based on which military triumphs end up unequivocal. This session of knowledge and counterintelligence is completed in the virtual medium as a large portion of the military exercises and the data administration of the majority of the propelled countries depends on the utilization of PCs and the web. Subsequently upsetting the data's system of the propelled countries through the virtual medium has turned into a savvy method turn by the country who don't have the military amazingness.

Economic Crimes

This is a standout amongst the most broadly carried out violations and with the general public with each passing day an ever increasing number of individuals from the general public tolerating online business as a way to do trade, wrongdoing through the virtual medium will be the one of the real problem which will fundamentally be required to be contained through the organization of law. Major financial wrongdoings under this arrangement are: Hacking, Virus, Cyber frauds, Programming theft and violation of copyrights, Mechanical espionages by opponent partnerships Falsification and falsifying and so forth. The substance of the data likewise shapes the reason for arrangement in choosing the typology of the Digital Violations †"The quantum of data being traded on the web is past creative energy. Not all the data being traded on the net has stayed inside the points of confinement of open profound quality, along these lines the net has turned into a rich ground for trade of indecent data additionally prompting abuse of the privilege of the right to speak freely and articulation.

Society is Dynamic

However because of fast mechanical development in communications and the PC innovation have deserted the law trailing to such a degree, to the point that it is confronting the mind boggling challenges presented by the offenders of the new age, who perpetrate current wrongdoings with the assistance of innovation. The central utilization of the net is to exchange records, trade sends, for video conferencing, and the most recent to add to these different motivations behind interchanges is voice interface, these previously mentioned types of correspondences are completed between the PC and a remotely open host PC, this type of interchanges turns into simply more vital in the age where E– business has turned into an unavoidable methods for working together.

Jurisdiction

Regional restriction on the web happens to fringe nature in the virtual medium as the site pages on the net can achieve relatively every region in the country and possibly relatively every country on the globe. This is the place the purpose of grinding between the digital world and the regional world starts as in the regional world there are impediments set up by the power of the country which isn't the situation in the digital world. A legal framework can work successfully in the event that it is all around controlled; it is these directions that recognize each practical part of the legal

framework including the purview of the courts. A court keeping in mind the end goal to convey compelling judgments must have appropriate and all around characterized purview, as without a ward the court's judgments would be inadequate Locales are of two kinds specifically, Individual and Topic locale, and for a judgment to be viable both these sorts must exist contemporaneously. Promote the regular necessity as to a gathering can sue another is at where the respondent dwells or where the reason for activity emerges. This itself is the issue with Web purview as on the net it is hard to set up the over two criteria's with conviction. Issues of this nature have added to the entire perplexity and logical inconsistency that torment legal choices in the region of Web locale. The IT Demonstration 2000 go in India is an ideal case of the uncertain law in the zone of locale with regards to the Web. Area 1(2) gives that the demonstration will reach out to the entire of India and, spare as generally gave in this Demonstration, it applies likewise to any offense or negation there under submitted outside India by any individual. So also Segment 75(2) gave that this Demonstration will apply to an offense or contradiction submitted outside India by any individual if the demonstration or lead establishing the offense or negation includes a PC, PC framework or PC arrange situated in India. Such an arrangement appears to against the rule of equity. Heading off to the following level, suppose regardless of whether the Indian court effectively attest purview and pass a judgment according to the above arrangements of the IT Demonstration 2000, the other inquiry that emerges will the remote courts execute such a judgment? If there should arise an occurrence of the above issue the best way to determine such a debate is by methods for having a removal arrangement with the host country and India, advance it has been proposed by that the Indian court create reasonable ground on which the extraterritorial purview may legitimately practiced as done by the American Judiciary 1. From the above it ends up important to value the complexities included and along these lines it ends up irreplaceable to comprehend the idea of the Digital wrongdoing, and whether the current punitive laws are adequate. At the point when Macaulay concocted the Indian corrective code in 1860 the thought of Digital Violations was totally obscure. Promote until the point when the IT Demonstration 2000 was sanctioned there was no legitimate arrangement viz. Digital Violations; this was the sole method of reasoning alongside perceiving exchanges carried on by methods for electronic interchanges to expand the online business, with which the IT Demonstration 2000 was established. Assist a sweeping arrangement was made under segment 77 of the IT Demonstration 2000 which gives that the punishments or seizures gave under the IT Demonstration 2000 won't discharge a guilty party from obligation under some other law, in short the substantive arrangements of the IPC are as yet pertinent to Digital Wrongdoings submitted in India.

4. Cyber Crime in India

cyber crimes are expanding in India and we don't have a robust cyber law and cyber crime examination framework in India. Rates like email splitting, maltreatment at facebook, abuse of Gmail id, scholarly property burglaries, and so forth have altogether expanded in India because of nonattendance of a techno legitimate system. So far Indian government had neglected to guarantee both the modernization of police power of India and definition of directions and rules for compelling examination of cyber violations in India. Further, Indian government has yet to define a digital violations aversion system of India. Despite the fact that the National Cyber Security Policy 2013 of India has been detailed yet it has not been actualized in India up until this point. Accordingly the digital security in India is still in a horrifying state.

Cyber Crimes Investigation Training in India

It has been seen that because of the development of learning of people in field of the cyber space, the recurrence of cyber wrongdoings has expanded throughout the most recent decade and it is on continuation on rise. In this paper, distinctive sort of cyber wrongdoings like fiscal offenses as money related cheats and also non-financial offenses, such as cyber harassing, making are examined and it is felt that for our cultivated society, there is a solid need to take the essential strides to anticipate such cyber wrongdoings. Different preventive measures have been talked about and right way to report the cyber wrongdoing to the correct office is likewise talked about. To report the social maltreatment and cyber violations, there are distinct rules and ways for announcing the digital wrongdoing for every middle person according to their approaches.

Anybody can report the cyber violations to middle person according to their approaches. Legitimate system to report the cyber Violations and Right Way to send the Blocking, Evacuation Ask for Offensive Substance under area 69A and 79(3)(b) are additionally examined. Finally, some broad every now and again make inquiries with appropriate answers are likewise talked about. According to different areas of this paper, government organizations and also people may design their techniques to counteract, report the digital violations and can take the important activities proficiently. According to the alert of the cyber wrongdoings, it is felt that there ought to be an appropriate enrollment of the digital world member and there is a solid need of the foundation of the best possible administrative body to screen such cyber risk.

Intelligence Agencies and Law Enforcement Technology Forums in India

Advancements with respect to insight and law authorization organizations are not much of the time talked about. Therefore, they stay outside the predominant press and not very many works are accessible that illuminate about these advances. We have been examining insight and law requirement related advancements and tasks like National Counter Terrorism Center (NCTC) of India, Aadhaar Project of India, Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and Systems (CCTNS) Project of India, Central Monitoring System (CMS) Project of India, Internet Spy System Network and Traffic Analysis System (NETRA) of India, National Intelligence Grid (Natgrid) Project of India, and so forth. While actualizing the insight and e-observation related ventures, Indian government has neglected to cook the established necessities like Parliamentary oversight, security and common freedoms insurance, and so on.

Thus, law requirement and insight organizations of India are as yet not exceptionally alright with techno lawful issues. For example, digital criminology is once in a while connected by these offices and our police are not knowledgeable in digital wrongdoing examinations. Modernization of police power of India is desperately required where police work force must be prepared in different techno legitimate issues. Digital security issues are likewise not overseen appropriately by these organizations. Cyber security in India isn't in a decent shape as reflected by the digital security patterns of India 2013. Critical foundation insurance in India is as yet not considered important by Indian government. It has been proposed that NTRO ought to ensure the basic ICT foundations of India.

The National Cyber Security Policy of India 2013 (NCSP 2013) was drafted in the year 2013. Be that as it may, NCSP 2013 itself is experiencing numerous genuine downsides. These incorporate

absence of security insurance, nonappearance of combination with the National Security Policy of India, nonappearance of common freedoms insurance in the internet, nonappearance of harmony between common freedoms and national security necessities, non usage of the approach, and so on.

Indian government has likewise proposed setting up of National Cyber Coordination Center (NCCC) of India in 2012. In any case, till 2014 it has not been built up however some enthusiasm for this respect has been demonstrated as of late by the Narendra Modi government. This is by all accounts the continuation of Congress government's dedication to facilitate foundation of NCCC in India.

Cybercrime in Tamil Nadu

In Tamil Nadu, in the year 2002, two Cyber Crime Cells were made; one is only for Chennai Police and another at CB CID, having ward all through State of Tamil Nadu. The job of this Cell is to distinguish, avert what's more, explore Cyber violations that go under the ambit of Information Technology Act 2000 and help the other Law Enforcement in the examination of wrongdoings in which components of Computer related wrongdoing exists.

The cases under I.T. Act 2000 must be explored by not underneath the rank of Dy. Administrator of Police. The Cyber Crime Cell is working in the First floor, Block-3 Electronic Complex, SIDCO Industrial Home, Guindy, Chennai-32.

- 1) Online Safety Tips
- What you put online will be there for eternity.
- Use a solid secret word (a blend of upper and bring down case letters, images and numbers).
- Don't post unseemly or unlawful substance anyplace on the web.
- Don't open email connections or text connections except if you are totally certain they do not contain infections.
- Don't tap on connections inside messages or moment messages.
- Never give out close to home data about yourself, your family, or your companions, (for example, your last name, address, telephone numbers, city, the name of your school, photographs of yourself or your family, PIN numbers for your bank, and so on.).
- 2) Wi-Fi Security Tips
- Change Default Administrator Passwords (and Usernames) of the WiFi Router.
- Change Password after standard interim.
- Position the Router or Access Point Safely.
- Turn Off the Network/WiFi switches on the off chance that it isn't in utilize.
- 3) Web based Banking Tips
- Never utilize unprotected PCs at digital bistros for web keeping money.
- Never keep your stick and cards together.
- Never leave the PC unattended when utilizing web saving money in an open place.
- Register for Mobile SMS, Email Transaction Alerts.
- Never answer to messages requesting your secret phrase or stick.
- Visit banks site by composing the URL in the address bar.

- Log off and close your program when you have completed the process of utilizing web managing an account.
- Memorize your PIN. Never convey your PIN.
- Report lost or stolen card instantly.
- 4) 10 steps that can protect you from loss
- Register for exchange ready s through SMS and E-Mail.
- If you change your portable number, refresh with the bank.
- Reduce the point of confinement on your Mastercard on the off chance that you utilize it sparingly.
- Use virtul cards for web based shopping.
- Make utilization of the virtual console wherever conceivable.
- Instead of setting off to the banks site utilizing the connection in E-Mail, type the web address straightforwardly.
- Memorize 3 digits CVV number at the back of the card and scratch it out.
- Do not leave undesirable photocopies of basic archives at the printer.
- If you lose your telephone, deactivate all keeping money administrations connected to that number.

5. Case Laws

Fatima Riswana v. State Rep. by ACP., Chennai & Ors AIR 2005 712

The appellant is a prosecution witness in S.C. No. 9 of 2004 wherein respondents 2 to 6 are the accused facing trail for offences punishable under Section 67 of Information Technology Act, 2000 r/w Section 6 of Indecent Representation of Women (prohibition) Act, 1986, Under Section 5 & 6 of Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956, Under Section 27 of Arms Act, 1959 And Sections 120(B), 506(ii), 366, 306 & 376 I.P.C. The said trial relates to exploitation of certain men and women by one of the accused Dr. L. Prakash for the purpose of making pornographic photos and videos in various acts of sexual intercourse and thereafter selling them to foreign websites. The said session's trail came to be allotted to the foreign websites. The said Session's trail came to be allotted to the V Fast Track Court, Chennai which is presided over by a lay Judge. When the said trail before the V Fast Track Court was pending certain criminal revision petitions came to be filed by the accused against the orders made by the said court rejecting their applications for supply of copies of 74 Compact Discs (CDs) containing pornographic material on which the prosecution was relying. The said revision petitions were rejected by the Madras High Court by its order dated 13th February, 2004 holding that giving all the copies of the concerned CDs might give room for copying such illegal material and illegal circulation of the same, however the court pemitted the accused persons to peruse the CDs of their choice in the Chamber of the Judge in the presence of the accused, their advocates, the expert, the public prosecutor and the Investigating Office and also observed that the case be transferred to another court with competent jurisdiction presided by a male officer at the option of the sessions judge and taking the same the accused filed a revision petition for transferred to Fast track 4 court presided by the male officer and the Appellant alleged that she would be embarrassed if the trail is conducted by the male presiding officer and that the lady sessions judge didn't object or the trail of the case and the Appellant alleged that she would be embarrassed if the trail is conducted by the male presiding officer and that the Lady sessions judge didn't object to the trail of the case in the fast track 5 and the high court has erred in transferring the case and the Appellant was not given any opportunity of being heard before the

alleged transfer. The learned counsel for the respondents contended that the Appellant learned though arrayed as witness is for all purpose an accused herself and law officer appearing in the case had expressed their embarrassment in conducting the trial before a lady Presiding Officer and even though the Presiding Officer did not expressly record her embarrassment, it was apparent that she too wanted the case to be transferred to another court, therefore, this Court should not interfere with the order of transfer. It was held that this appeal has to be allowed in the sessions case No. 9 of 2004 now transferred to the IV Fast Track Court Chennai be Transferred back to the V Fast Track Court, Chennai.

S. Sekar v The Principal General Manager (Telecom) (B.S.N.L.)

The petitioner is an employee of the second respondent, B.S.N.L, working as a Telecom Technical Assistant (Switch). It so happened that while he was working in SIPCOT MBM Main Exchange, Keeranur, the B.S.N.L. higher officials suspected him and others for having committed offences in manipulating the computer system and thereby causing loss to B.S.N.L. The FIR in Crime No. 1 of 2004 was came to be registered on 06.01.2004 by the Police, Pudukottai, for the offences under Section 406, 420 and 468 I.P.C. and 43(g) of the Information Technology Act, 2000.

The main thrust of the grievance of the petitioner in this case is that when there is a special enactment namely, the Information Technology Act, 2000, which is in operation relating to the alleged misconduct attributed as against the petitioner, there is no question of invoking the penal sections under the Indian Penal Code, It is also his specific plausible argument that section 43(g) of the Information Technology Act, 2000, has been invoked without any basis. The Second respondent filed the computer which was adopted by the first respondent also, denying and refuting the allegations and the averments highlights that the FIR registered was proper and the Police is investigating into the matter properly.

The point for consideration is as to whether the FIR referred to supra, has to be declared null and void as prayed by the Writ petitioner?

It was held that the Police to investigate thoroughly into the matter and add or delete the penal Sections under the Information Technology Act, 2000, as well as IPC and ultimately, it is for the criminal court which would be seized of the matter to decide on that. The Section 43(g) of the Information Technology Act, 2000, invoked by the police and specified in the FIR is declared void. Accordingly, the Writ petition is ordered. No costs, connected M.P. is closed.

6. Suggestion

- 1) As there's no specific demand known with the law, the numerous result of those violations is left unresolved various multiple times, an indication should be licensed to control this kind of danger.
- 2) The law implementation must be very rigid, and reinvigorated often to monitor such wrongdoings.
- 3) There must be fast track moveable courts to elucidate these cases, to fulfill the complaints and fabricate certainty among the final population.

- 4) The law-makers must likewise keep a track on the operating system exercises with the assistance of big data Banks.
- 5) Disciplines and punishments ought to be practiced utterly thus on limit the result of these problems and penalise the assailants.
- 6) attentiveness comes must be tarted thus on educate the final population concerning the continuous state of affairs and forthcoming dangers.
- 7) General society ought to report these cases to the Digital Wrongdoing Branch within the problems related as opposition merely alluding it to the banks, to ensure fast and strict activities.

7. Conclusion

It has been seen that because of the headway of information of people in field of the internet, the recurrence of digital violations has expanded in the course of the most recent decade and it is on continuation on rise. In this paper, diverse sort of digital violations like money related offenses as budgetary fakes and non-fiscal offenses, such as digital tormenting, making are talked about and it is felt that for our enlightened society, there is a solid need to take the important strides to forestall such digital violations. Different preventive measures have been examined and right way to report the digital wrongdoing to the correct organization is additionally examined. To report the social maltreatment and digital wrongdoings, there are clear rules and ways for announcing the digital wrongdoing for every mediator according to their strategies.

Anybody can report the digital violations to middle person according to their strategies. Appropriate instrument to report the Cyber Wrongdoings and Right Path for Sending the Blocking, Removal Request for Objectionable Content under segment 69A and 79(3)(b) are additionally talked about. Finally some broad much of the time make inquiries with reasonable answers are additionally talked about. According to different areas of this paper, government offices and additionally people may design their systems to avert, report the digital wrongdoings and can take the vital activities productively. According to the caution of the digital wrongdoings, it is felt that there ought to be a legitimate enrollment of the digital world member and there is a solid need of the foundation of the best possible administrative body to screen such digital danger.

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