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EFFECTS OF EXPLOSIVE STRENGTH AND STRENGTH ENDURANCE BASED CIRCUIT TRAINING ON SPEED PERFORMANCE

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Abstract

The purpose of the study was to find out the effects of explosive strength and strength endurance based circuit training on speed performance. To achieve the purpose of the study, thirty boys' student in the age group 13 to 14 were selected as subjects at random. The selected subjects were from RCM High School, Natarajapuram, Sivagangai(DT), Tamilnadu. The study was formulated as pre and post-test random group design, in which thirty students were divided into three equal groups. The experimental group-1 (n=10, ESbCT) underwent explosive strength based circuit training, the experimental group-2 (n=10, SEbCT) underwent strength endurance based circuit training and group 3 served as control group (n=10, CG) did not undergo any specific training. In this study, two training programme were adopted as independent variables, i.e., explosive strength based circuit training and strength endurance based circuit training. The speed was selected as dependent variables. The speed was tested by 50 meters run recoded in seconds. The selected two treatment group namely explosive strength based circuit training and strength endurance based circuit training were performed five days in week for the period of six weeks, as per the stipulated training programme. The speed performance was collected before and after the training period. The collected pre and post test data was critically analyzed with apt statistical tool of one way analysis of co variance, for observed the significant adjusted post-test mean difference of three groups. The Scheffe's post hoc test was used to find out pair-wise comparisons between groups. To test the hypothesis 0.05 level of significant was fixed in this study. The nature of speed highly improved in explosive strength based circuit training than the strength endurance based circuit training.

Keywords: Explosive Strength Based Circuit Training (ESbCT); Strength Endurance Based Circuit Training (SEbCT); Speed.



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1. Introduction

Circuit training was first proposed by Morgan and Adamson (1959) of Leeds University as a method for developing general fitness. Their initial circuit training routine considered of several stations arranged in a circle (hence the name circuit training) so as to work muscle groups alternately from station to station. As circuit training grew in popularity, other authors began to provide additional information. Perhaps the best book on the market is Circuit Training for All sports (Scholich, 1992).

2. Methodology

The selected two treatment groups namely explosive strength based circuit training and strength endurance based circuit training were performed five days in a week for the period of six weeks, as per the stipulated training program.

Days Exercise		Duration	Sets	Rec.In between sets		
Monday to Friday Monday to Friday Half squats Push-ups Bent-knee sit ups Two legged low hops on the spot Back extensions Pull ups Burpees Shuttle run		Each exercise 20 seconds	three	Three minutes		
Repetitions	: as many as possible in 20 se	conds				
Rest	: 30 Seconds	: 30 Seconds				
Stations/Circuit	: 8 exercise station-clock wise	: 8 exercise station-clock wise order				
Time/ circuit	: 2 minutes and 40 seconds	: 2 minutes and 40 seconds				
Circuits/Session	: 3					
Time/ Session	: 8 minutes					
Frequency	: 5 days/week					
Load of the week	: 24 minutes					
Recovery in between o	circuits : 3 minutes					

Training approaches for experimental group -I (ES_BCT) 1 to 2 weeks

Explosive strength based circuit training (ES_bCT)3 to 4 weeks

Days	Exercise	Duration Set		Rec.In between sets
Monday to Friday	Half squats Push-ups Bent-knee sit ups	Each exercise 30 seconds	three	Three minutes

	Two legged low hops on the spot					
	Back extensions					
	Pull ups					
	Burpees					
	Shuttle run					
Repetitions	: As many as possible in 30 seconds					
Rest	: 30 Seconds					
Stations/Circuit	: 8 exercise station-clock wise order					
Time/ circuit	: 4 minutes					
Circuits/Session	: 3					
Time/ Session	: 12 minutes					
Frequency	: 5 days/week					
Load of the week	: 36 minutes					

Recovery in between circuits : 3 minutes

Explosive strength based circuit training (ES_bCT) 5 to 6 weeks

Days	Exercise	Duration	Sets	Rec.In		
Monday to Friday Half squats Push-ups Bent-knee sit ups Two legged low hops on the spot Back extensions Pull ups Burpees Shuttle run		Each exercise 40 seconds	three	Three minutes		
Repetitions	: As many as possible in 30 seconds		r.			
Rest	: 30 Seconds					
Stations/Circuit	: 8 exercise station-clock wise order					
Time/ circuit	: 5 minutes 20 seconds					
Circuits/Session	: 3					
Time/ Session : 16 minutes						
Frequency						
Load of the week	of the week : 48 minutes					
Recovery in between	n circuits: 3 minutes					

TRAINING APPROACHES FOR EXPERIMENTAL GROUP – II

Days	Exercise	Duration	Sets	Rec.In between sets
Monday to Friday	Half squats Push-ups Bent-knee sit ups Two legged low hops on the spot Back extensions Pull ups Burpees	Each exercise 20 seconds	Three	Three minutes

Strength endurance based circuit training (SE_bCT) 1 to 2 weeks

	Shuttle run					
Repetitions	: as many as possible in 20 seconds					
Rest	: 30 Seconds					
Stations/Circuit	: 8 exercise station-clock wise order					
Time/ circuit	: 2 minutes and 40 seconds					
Circuits/Session	:3					
Time/ Session	: 8 minutes					
Frequency	: 5 days/week					
Load of the week	: 24 minutes					

Strength Endurance based circuit training (SE_bCT) 3 to 4 weeks

Days	Exercise	Duration	Sets	Rec.In between sets
Monday to Friday	Ionday to Friday Half squats Push-ups Bent-knee sit ups Two legged low hops on the spot Back extensions Pull ups Burpees		Three	Three minutes
Repetitions	: As many as possible in 30 seconds		1	
Rest	: 30 Seconds			
Stations/Circuit	: 8 exercise station-clock wise order			
Time/ circuit	: 4 minutes			
Circuits/Session				
Time/ Session: 12 minutes				
Frequency	: 5 days/week			
Load of the week	: 36 minutes			

Strength Endurance based circuit training (SE_bCT) 5 to 6 weeks

Dava	Evoroiso	Duration	Soto	Rec.In
Days	Exercise	Duration	Sels	between sets
	Half squats			
	Push-ups			
	Bent-knee sit ups			Thursday
Mandari ta Enidari	Two legged low hops on the spot	Each exercise	Thurson	
Monday to Friday	Back extensions 40 seconds		Inree	I nree minutes
	Pull ups			
	Burpees			
	Shuttle run			
Repetitions	: As many as possible in 30	seconds		
Rest	: 30 Seconds			
Stations/Circuit	: 8 exercise station-clock wis	se order		
Time/ circuit	Time/ circuit : 5 minutes 20 seconds			
Circuits/Session : 3				
Time/ Session	n : 16 minutes			
Frequency	: 5 days/week			
Load of the week	: 48 minutes			

Test Cond	litions	Group 1 ES _b CT	Group 2 SE _b CT	Group 3 CG	SV	SS	Df	MS	'F' Ratio
Dra tast	Mean	9.31	9.29	9.28	В	0.005	2	0.002	0.22
Fie lesi	S.D.	0.09	0.08	0.09	W	0.234	27	0.009	0.22
Doct toot	Mean	8.90	9.06	9.26	В	0.651	2	0.326	65 20*
Post lest	S.D.	0.08	0.07	0.07	W	0.148	27	0.005	03.20
Adjusted	Maan	0 00	0.06	0.27	В	0.707	2	0.353	176 50*
post test	wiean	0.07	9.00	9.21	W	0.054	26	0.002	170.30

Table 1: The Results of Analysis of Covariance on Speed of Different Groups (Scores in Seconds)

* Significant at .05 level of confidence. The required table value for test the significance was 3.35, and 3.37, with the df of 2 and 27, 2 and 26 respectively.

3. Results on Speed

The pre test mean and standard deviation on speed scores G1, G2, and G3 were 9.31+0.09, 9.29+ 0.08 and 9.28+0.09 respectively. The obtained pre test F value of 0.22 was lesser than the required table F value 3.35. Hence the pre test means value of explosive strength, strength endurance based circuit training and control group on speed before start of the respective treatments were found to be insignificant at 0.05 level of confidence for the degrees of freedom 2 and 27. Thus this analysis confirmed that the random assignment of subjects into three groups were successful. The post test mean and standard deviation on speed of G1, G2 and G3 were 8.90+0.08, 9.06+0.07 and 9.26+0.07 respectively. The obtained post test F value of 65.20 was higher than the required table F value of 3.35. Hence the post test means value of explosive strength based circuit training and strength endurance based circuit training on speed were found to be significant at 0.05 level of confidence for the degrees of freedom 2 and 27. The results proved that the selected two training interventions namely explosive strength and strength endurance based circuit training were produced significant improve better than the control group of the sample populations. The adjusted post test means on speed scores of G1, G2 and G3 were 8.89, 9.06 and 9.27 respectively. The obtained adjusted post test F value of 176.50^{*} was higher than the required table F value of 3.37. Hence the adjusted post test means value of explosive strength based circuit training and strength endurance based circuit training on speed were found to be significant at 0.05 level of confidence for the degrees of freedom 2 and 26. The results confirm that the selected two training interventions namely explosive strength and strength endurance based circuit training on speed were produced significant difference among the groups.In order to find out the superiority effects among the treatment and control groups the Scheffe's post hoc test were administered. The outcomes of the same are presented in the table 2.

Group 1 ES _b CT	Group 2 SE _b CT	Group 3 C G	Mean Differences	Confidence Interval Value
8.89	9.06		0.17^{*}	0.01
8.89		9.27	0.38*	0.01
	9.06	9.27	0.21*	0.01

Table 2: The results of scheffe's post hoc test mean differences on SPEED among THREE groups (Scores in seconds)

* Significant at .05 level of confidence.

Table 2 shows the paired mean differences of explosive strength based circuit training, strength endurance based circuit training and control group on speed. The paired wise comparisons results as follows. **First comparison: Group 1 and Group 2:** The pair wise mean difference of group 1 and group 2 values 0.17 was higher than the confidential interval value of 0.01. Hence the first comparison was significant. The results of this comparison clearly proved that both training have produced significantly different improvements on speed. **Second comparison: Group 1 and Group 3:** The pair wise mean difference of group 1 and group 3 values 0.38 was higher than the confidential interval value of 0.01. Hence the second comparison was significant. The results of this comparison was significant. The results of this comparison was significant. The results of this comparison was significant. The results of group 1 and group 3 values 0.38 was higher than the confidential interval value of 0.01. Hence the second comparison was significant. The results of this comparison clearly proved that explosive strength based circuit raining have produced greater improvements on speed than the control group. **Third comparison: Group 2 and Group 3:** The pair wise mean difference of group 2 and group 3 values 0.21 was higher than the confidential interval value of 0.01. Hence the third comparison was significant. The results of this comparison clearly proved that strength endurance based circuit training have produced greater improvements on speed than the control group.

4. Discussion on Speed

After analyzing the statistical end results the researcher found that the selected training groups have significantly improved the quality of speed from the base line to post interventions. The pre to post intervention was present as follows. The explosive strength based circuit training group from pre (9.31+0.09), to post(8.90+0.08) and strength endurance based circuit training group from pre (9.29+0.08) to post (9.06+0.07) have significantly changed the pre to post results. The present study demonstrates an increase in speed performance of 0.004% and 0.002% for explosive strength and strength endurance based circuit training groups respectively. The results of Venkatachalapathy R (2015) conducted a study on effect of circuit training programme on speed and agility. His study revealed that was found that there was a significant improvement on speed and agility for circuit training group when compared with the control group. The research findings of Ramesh Kannan, S Dr. B. Chittibabu, Dr. P.C. Tripathy, M.D. (2015) effect of intensive sports specific endurance circuit training on selected motor fitness components of male handball players during preparatory phase. They concluded that intensive sports specific endurance circuit training for 12 weeks is effective enough in maintaining motor fitness components like speed and power of handball players. The research findings of Sudhakar Babu1.M, P. P. S. Paul Kumar (2013) conducted a study on the effect of selected circuit training exercises on sprinters of high school girls. They concluded that there was significant effect on speed, through selected circuit training exercises.

5. Conclusion

The results of this study indicate the nature of speed highly improved in explosive strength based circuit training than the strength endurance based circuit training.

The strength endurance based circuit training also produces better improvement on speed than the control group. The control group did not show any significant changes on speed

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