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REVIEW OF TASK SCHEDULING METHODS FOR REAL TIME TASKS IN CLOUD ENVIRONMENT

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Abstract:

Cloud Computing is a type of Internet model that enables convenient, on-demand resources that can be used rapidly and with minimum effort. Cloud Computing can be IaaS, PaaS or SaaS. Scheduling of these tasks is important so that resources can be utilized efficiently with minimum time which in turn gives better performance. Real time tasks require dynamic scheduling as tasks cannot be known in advance as in static scheduling approach. There are different task scheduling algorithms that can be utilized to increase the performance in real time and performing these on virtual machines can prove to be useful. Here a review of various task scheduling algorithms is done which can be used to perform the task and allocate resources so that performance can be increased.

Keywords: *Cloud Computing; Service Model; Dynamic Scheduling; Static Scheduling; Virtual Machine; Task Scheduler.*

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1. Introduction

Cloud computing is a model for enabling ubiquitous, convenient, on -demand networkaccess to a shared pool of configurable computing resources that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort. [1]

It is the responsibility of cloud resource manager to optimally dispatch tasks to the cloud resources. Various scheduling algorithms are available for cloud environment. The main task of cloud scheduling algorithms is to minimize the total completion times of tasks byfinding the most suitable resources to be allocated to the tasks. However, minimizing the overallcompletion time of tasks may not necessarily result in minimization of execution time of each individual task. The main objective of this paper is to review various scheduling algorithms in cloud environment.

The goal of this section is to combine information about the setting of the action research project and the story behind the project into a smooth narrative that gets the reader engaged in your [Patel et. al., Vol.5 (Iss.1): January, 2018]

work's context; the critical question is also introduced here. This section is usually about three to five pages long. The reader should have a good idea what the paper is about before finishing the first page.

2. Cloud Architecture

The cloud computing architecture design has many elements and components as shown in Fig.1. All the elements are loosely coupled.

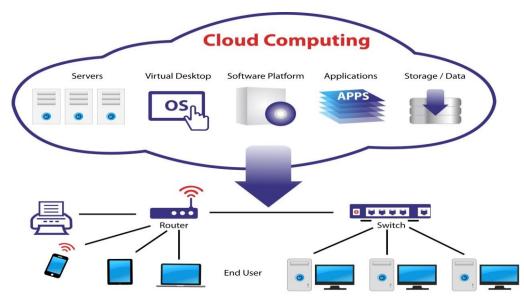


Figure 1: Cloud Computing Architecture

According to NIST there are five characteristics of cloud computing which are as under:

- 1) On-demand self-service: A client/user can have access to various services, resources, etc on demand without any human intervention.
- 2) Broad network access: Cloud Computing has rich set of capabilities which can be used and accessed on a large number of devices like mobile, laptop, etc and has no restrictions.
- 3) Resource pooling: In cloud computing resources can be shared dynamically based on the usage and which in turn increases the performance of the system and saves time.
- 4) Rapid Elasticity: Capabilities can be elastically provisioned and released to scale rapidly outward and inward commensurate with demand.
- 5) Measured service: Cloud systems automatically control and optimize resource use by leveraging a metering capability at some level of abstraction appropriate to the type of service.

3. Task Scheduling

A task is nothing but a small piece of work that should be executed with in a specific period of time. The cloud task scheduler retrieves the information from the cloud information service manager about the status of available resources so that they can be allocated to a particular task

[Patel et. al., Vol.5 (Iss.1): January, 2018]

for the task to get completed. The goal of task scheduling is to maximize the resource utilization and minimize the waiting time for the task [2].

Scheduling is one of the tasks performed to get maximum profit and to increase the efficiency of the work load of cloud computing.

The main focus about the scheduling algorithm is to employ the resources properly while managing the load between the resources to get the minimum performance time. There are 2 types of scheduling algorithms [3].

Static scheduling: schedule tasks in known environment i.e. it already has the information about complete structure of tasks and mapping of resources before execution, estimates of task execution/running time.

Dynamic scheduling: must depend on not only the submitted tasks to cloud environment but also the current states of system and computer machines to make scheduling decision.

4. Literature Review

The comparison of various task scheduling algorithms is given in following table:

Title	Author	Conclusion	Year
Overview of	Nancy Jain,	In this paper, overview of	2016
Virtualization in Cloud	SakshiChoudhary	virtualization techniques with respect	
Computing [4]		to cloud computing is explained.	
		Terms such as hypervisor, server	
		virtualization is also described.	
A Study On	Durairaj M, Kennan P	In this paper, various types of	2017
Virtualization		virtualization is explained and brief	
Techniques And		comparison of open source based	
Challenges In		hypervisor virtualization is also	
Cloud Computing[5]		elaborated. This can be used for	
		design of strong framework for	
		elastic resource management in	
		cloud.	
Cloud Computing –	Santosh Kumar	This paper aims to explain the basic	2012
Research Issues,	and R.H.Goudar	concepts of Cloud computing. It also	
Challenges,		gives various challenges, research	
Architecture, Platforms		issues faced in cloud computing	
and Applications:			
A Survey[6]			
Resource Allocation	EmanElghoneimy,	In this paper, the scheduling and	2012
and Scheduling in	OthmaneBouhali,	resource allocation problems in cloud	
Cloud Computing [7]	Hussein Alnuweiri	computing is discussed. Brief Survey	
		of various approaches that solve the	
		resource allocation problem is also	

		done.	
Resource Allocation	N R RamMohan and	In this paper, authors surveyed	2012
Techniques in Cloud	E Baburaj	various resource allocation	
Computing-Research		techniques such as RAS-M,	
Challenges for		RBRAM, etc. Their issues and	
Applications[8]		challenges are also discussed.	
Improved cost-Based	S. Selvarani, G.	In this paper, a novel method for task	2010
Algorithm for task	SudhaSadhasivam	scheduling is employed. It is based	
scheduling in cloud		on the cost property.	
computing[9]			
Deadline constraint	A. Verma, S. Kaushal	In this paper, HGA method is used to	2014
heuristic based genetic		schedule applications to cloud	
algorithm for workflow		resources that minimize the execution	
in cloud[10]		cost.	
ANGEL: Agent-Based	Xiaomin Zhu, Chao	In this paper, Scheduling is done with	2015
Scheduling for Real-	Chen, Laurence T	concept of Agent. The scheduling is	
Time Tasks in	Yang	done in virtualized clouds using	
Virtualized Clouds[11]		ClouSIM.	

5. Conclusions and Recommendations

While using the cloud computing technology, we have to face lot of new challenges. One of them is the task scheduling in a cloud computing environment. The main objective of the scheduling is to maximize utilization of resources and to reduce makes pan.

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